Review report and interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014

Review report and interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014

	Page
Board of Directors' Report to Shareholders	1
Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information	2
Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position	3
Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss	5
Condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income	6
Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity	7
Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows	8
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information	0

Board of Directors' Report to Shareholders

On behalf of Arkan Building Materials Company's Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Board of Directors' report for the period ending 30 September 2014, together with the reviewed condensed consolidated financial statements for the same period.

Arkan's revenue increased by 80% in the first nine months of 2014 to AED 531.77 million compared to AED 294.99 million in the first nine months of 2013. The Company's net profit for the same period increased by 86% to AED 55.02 million in 2014 compared to AED 29.60 in the first nine months of 2013. The stellar performance is mainly attributable to the commissioning of new Al Ain Cement Factory.

Review of Operations:

Revenue from Arkan's Cement segment increased to AED 390.27 million at the end of the of the first nine months of 2014, compared to AED 121.86 million in the same period of 2013. Profit from this segment increased to AED 46.97 million as compared to AED 23.44 million in 2013. The significant increase in revenue and profit is due to the successful commencement of commercial production and operation of Arkan's new Al Ain Cement Factory. The company also has broadened its customer base and established new markets to absorb its enhanced production capacity. The Al Ain Cement Factory has contributed revenue of AED 330.72 million and profit of AED 31.70 million from its commercial production since March 2014. The first nine months of 2014 has seen a decrease in the market prices of cement compared to the same period last year which lead to a squeeze in the profit margin.

Revenue from Arkan's Blocks segment (Blocks) was AED 41.32 million at the end of 30 September 2014, compared to AED 52.86 million in the same period of 2013 due to lower sales volumes. Loss from Blocks amounted to AED 1.90 million as compared to a profit of AED 2.13 million for the same period last year due to lower sales volume.

Revenue from Arkan's GRP Pipes segment (GRP) was AED 26.23 million at the end of 30 September 2014, compared to AED 24.99 million in 30 September 2013 due to an increase in selling prices. The factory improved its performance thereby containing its loss to AED 908 thousand as compared to a loss of AED 4.13 million in 30 September 2013.

Arkan's PVC Pipes segment (PVC) posted revenue of AED 45.42 million at the end of 30 September 2014, compared to AED 52.40 million in 30 September 2013. Loss from PVC was AED 464 thousand at the end of Q3 2014 as compared to a profit of AED 2.71 million at the end of Q3 2013. Although PVC pipes segment has a strong pipeline of confirmed orders, delivery has slowed down due to infrastructure projects delays resulting in decrease in profitability.

Arkan's Bags segment (Bags) revenue was AED 28.52 million for the period ended 30 September 2014, compared to AED 34.26 million on 30 September 2013. Profit from Bags for the period ended 30 September 2013 was AED 2.13 million, compared to AED 2.65 million in 30 September 2013 due to lower selling prices.

Liquidity

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of AED 110.63 million at the end of 30 September 2014. During the period, the company refinanced its Term Loan by replacing it with a lower interest bearing, longer tenor and more flexible financing structure. This will reduce the company's interest cost and significantly reduce the yearly repayment burden in the coming years.

Total Assets & Shareholders' Equity

The total assets of the Company reached AED 3.66 billion at the end of Q3 2014. The value of shareholders' equity increased to AED 1.76 billion as of September 30, 2014, compared to AED 1.70 billion as of 31 December 2013.

Investments

The fair value of the shares portfolio as at 30 September 2014 was AED 357 thousand. The value of the investment in Emirates Real Estate Fund at the end of 30 September 2014 increased to AED 70.87 million as compared to AED 68.04 as of 31 December 2013. The share of profit from associates at the end of Q3 of 2014 was AED 8.75 million compared to AED 4.54 million in the same period last year. Arkan also received a cash dividend of AED 8 million from this investment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

Suhail Mubarak Al Ameri Chairman 06 November 2014

arkan.ae



KPMG Lower Gulf Limited Abu Dhabi Branch P. O. Box 7613 Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates Telephone +971 (2) 4014 800 Telefax +971 (2) 6327 612 Website www.ae-kpmg.com

Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial information

The Shareholders Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 September 2014 condensed consolidated interim financial information of Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 September 2014;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2014;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income for the nine-month ended 30 September 2014;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2014;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2014; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 September 2014 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

Other Matter

The condensed consolidated interim financial information for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2013 and the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 were reviewed and audited, respectively, by another auditor who expressed an unmodified review conclusion on the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2013 on 11 November 2013 and an unmodified audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2013 on 17 March 2014.

KPMG Lower Gulf Limited

Munther Dajani Registration No. 268 0 6 NOV 2014

Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position at 30 September 2014

ASSETS	Notes	30 September 2014 (unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2013 AED'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment Goodwill	5	2,226,355 128,430	2,235,211 128,430
Other intangible assets		139,583	144,542
Investment in associates and joint venture Financial assets measured at fair value through	6	216,457	212,962
other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	7	70,868	68,035
Total non-current assets		2,781,693	2,789,180
Current assets			***************************************
Financial assets measured at fair value through			
profit or loss (FVTPL)	7	357	357
Inventories	8	369,404	248,305
Trade and other receivables	9	329,631	282,979
Prepayments		49,321	4,556
Amounts due from related parties	11	23,264	34,898
Cash and bank balances	10	110,629	145,214
Total current assets		882,606	716,309
Total assets		3,664,299	3,505,489

Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position at 30 September 2014 (continued)

	Notes	30 September 2014 (unaudited)	31 December 2013
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		AED'000	AED'000
Capital and reserves			
Share capital		1,750,000	1,750,000
Statutory reserve Capital reserve		54,372	54,372
Investment revaluation reserve	7	3,783	3,783
Retained earnings	/	(73,867) 26,549	(76,700) (28,467)
Net equity attributable to Owners of the Comp Non-controlling interest	oany	1,760,837 307	1,702,988
Net equity		1,761,144	1,703,295
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings Deferred government grant	12	1,303,156	1,054,723
Loan from a related party	11	34,500 146,920	69,000 146,920
Provision for employees' end of service benefit	11	31,167	30,137
Total non-current liabilities		1,515,743	1,300,780
Current liabilities		***************************************	***************************************
Borrowings	12	101,644	240,411
Trade and other payables Amounts due to related parties	13	228,950	204,196
Deferred government grant	11	10,818	10,807
Deferred government grant		46,000	46,000
Total current liabilities		387,412	501,414
Total liabilities		1,903,155	1,802,194
Total equity and liabilities	M	3,664,299	3,505,489
W.	XXX		Shund
Suhail Mubarak Al Ameri Chairman Chief Ex	tif Sfaxi ecutive Officer	Faizal A Chief F	Amod inancial Officer

The notes set out on pages 9 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

ARKAN BUILDING MATERIALS COMPANY (ARKAN) PJSC Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss (unaudited) for the period ended 30 September 2014

	Notes	3 months 30 Septe		9 months 30 Septe	
		2014 AED'000	2013 AED'000	2014 AED'000	2013 AED'000
Revenue Direct costs		165,141 (125,159)	101,073 (84,671)	531,766 (414,789)	294,994 (243,532)
Gross profit Selling and distribution expenses General and administrative Expenses		39,982 (2,964) (35,415)	16,402 (4,728) (15,944)	116,977 (14,540) (78,397)	51,462 (13,841) (50,596)
Other income Share of profits of associates (net) Income from government grant Dividend income Finance expenses Finance income	14 6	21,648 4,631 11,500 2,012 (16,474)	1,380 2,799 11,500 1,935 (1,210) 36	31,141 8,746 34,500 3,940 (47,595) 244	3,024 4,544 34,500 3,781 (3,443) 170
Profit for the period		24,920	12,170	55,016	29,601
Profit for the period attributable to Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	:	24,920	12,170	55,016	29,601
		24,920	12,170	55,016	29,601
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to Owners of the Company (AED)	18	0.014	0.007	0.031	0.017

The notes set out on pages 9 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income (unaudited) for the period ended 30 September 2014

Note			9 month 30 Sept	
	2014 AED'000	2013 AED'000	2014 AED'000	2013 AED'000
	24,920	12,170	55,016	29,601
	_	2,331	2,833	4,016
•	24,920	14,501	57,849	33,617
	24,920	14,501	57,849	33,617
	24,920	14,501	57,849	33,617
	Note	Note 30 Septe 2014 AED'000 24,920 24,920 24,920	2014 2013 AED'000 AED'000 24,920 12,170 24,920 14,501 24,920 14,501	Note 30 September 30 September 2014 2013 2014 AED'000 AED'000 AED'000 24,920 12,170 55,016

The notes set out on pages 9 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

ARKAN BUILDING MATERIALS COMPANY (ARKAN) PJSC

Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 September 2014

Total AED'000	1,656,193	29,601 4,016	33,617	1,689,810	1,703,295	55,016 2,833	57,849	1,761,144
Non- controlling interest AED'000	307		1	307	307	4 1	1	307
Net equity attributable to Owners of the Company AED'000	1,655,886	29,601 4,016	33,617	1,689,503	1,702,988	55,016 2,833	57,849	1,760,837
Retained earnings AED'000	(66,953)	29,601	29,601	(37,352)	(28,467)	55,016	55,016	26,549
Investment revaluation reserve AED'000	(81,040)	4,016	4,016	(77,024)	(76,700)	2,833	2,833	(73,867)
Capital Reserve AED'000	3,783	1 (3	3,783	3,783	1 1	ı	3,783
Statutory reserve AED'000	50,096	l I	1	20,096	54,372	1 1	•	54,372
Share capital AED'000	1,750,000	I I	1	1,750,000	1,750,000	1 1	1	1,750,000
	Balance at 1 January 2013 (audited)	Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	Total comprehensive income for the period	Balance at 30 September 2013 (unaudited)	Balance at 1 January 2014 (audited)	Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	Total comprehensive income for the period	Balance at 30 September 2014 (unaudited)

The notes set out on pages 9 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows (unaudited) for the period ended 30 September 2014

	9 months ended 3	0 September
	2014	2013
Cook flows from an author a stickly	AED'000	AED'000
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period	## 01 <i>C</i>	20.601
Adjustments for:	55,016	29,601
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	((DEE	22.600
Amortisation of other intangible assets	66,055 6,459	32,690 6,346
Dividend income	(3,940)	(3,781)
Finance income	(341)	(170)
Finance cost	47,595	3,443
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(108)
Amortisation of deferred government grant	(34,500)	(34,500)
Share of profit from associates and joint venture	(11,495)	(4,544)
Impairment loss recognised on trade receivables	910	980
Provision for employees' end of service benefit	2,310	4,254
Provision for inventory obsolescence	2,168	686
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Changes in	130,237	34,897
- inventories	(400.00)	(10.00
- trade and other receivables	(123,267)	(18,327)
- trade and other receivables - prepayments	(47,562)	(104,799)
- due from related parties	(44,765)	(697)
- payables and accruals	11,634	(17,481)
	24,754	61,511
- due to related parties	11	122
Cash used in operating activities	(48,958)	(44,774)
End of service benefits paid	(1,280)	(1,708)
Net cash used in operating activities	(50,238)	(46,482)
Cash flows from investing activities	****	
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(58,699)	(90,253)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	(30,077)	108
Dividends received from associates	8,000	9,781
Payments for short term investment/deposit held for more than 3 months	20,000	-
Dividend received from investments held at FVTOCI	3,940	-
Finance income	341	170
Net cash used in investing activities	(26,418)	(80,194)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long term loan-net	100 (((154.000
Finance cost paid	109,666	154,800
A market cost para	(47,595)	(2,233)
Net cash from financing activities	62,071	152,567
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(14,585)	25,891
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	121,536	134,539
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	106,951	160,430

The notes set out on pages 9 to 26 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014

1 General information

Arkan Building Materials Company PJSC ("Arkan" or the "Company") was incorporated in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates ("UAE") as a Public Joint Stock Company pursuant to Ministerial Resolution No. 228 for the year 2006. General Holding Corporation PJSC (the "parent company") owns 51% of the Company's shares.

The principal activities of the Company include operating, trading and investing in industrial projects and commercial companies involved in the building materials sector.

These condensed consolidated interim financial information include the performance and financial position as at and for the nine-months ended 30 September 2014 of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interest in associates.

The principal activity, country of incorporation and operation, and ownership interest of the Company in the subsidiaries is set out below:

Subsidiary	Country of incorporation and operation	Ownership interest (%) 2014 2013		Principal activities
Emirates Blocks Factory	UAE	100	100	Production and sale of cement blocks.
Emirates Cement Factory	UAE	100	100	Production and sale of packed and bulk cement.
Anabeeb Pipes Manufacturing Factories	UAE	100	100	Production and sale of pipes and plastic and paper bags.
Arkan Mining and Transportation	Oman	70	70	Production of mine lime stone.
Arkan Lime Factory	UAE	100	100	Manufacturing of quick lime, hydrated lime and dolomite lime

On 10 November 2010, the Executive Council of Abu Dhabi approved the transfer of the equity shares of Anabeeb Pipes Manufacturing Factories ("Anabeeb"), to the Company effective 1 July 2011.

On 20 October 2014, the Company received a court decision to liquidate Arkan Mining and Transportation Company and appointment of a liquidator. The liquidation process is yet to be completed.

On 23 September 2011, the Board of Directors approved a plan to secure a 70% investment in Dot Modern Oman, a mining company located in Oman. As at 30 September 2014, the acquisition is still to be completed.

As at 30 September 2014, the Company is in the process of negotiating with a new partner for Arkan Lime Factory.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

New and amended International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in issue but not yet effective

At the date of the condensed consolidated interim financial information, the following Standards, Amendments and Interpretations have not been effective and have not been early adopted:

New and revised IFRSs	Effective date
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts	1 January 2016
Ammendments to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	1 July 2014
Annual improvements 2010-2012 Cycle, IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 8, IFRS 13, IAS 16 and 38 and IAS 24	1 July 2014
Annual improvements 2011-2013 Cycle, IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IRFS 13, and IAS 40	1 July 2014

Management anticipates that these amendments will be applied in the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the initial period when they become effective. Management has not yet had the opportunity to consider the potential impact of the application of these amendments.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and also complies with the applicable requirements of the laws in the U.A.E. They do not include all the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2013.

These condensed consolidated interim financial information have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments.

These condensed consolidated interim financial information are presented in UAE Dirhams (AED) as this is the currency in which the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated and is rounded off to the nearest thousand.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all of the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013. In addition, results for the nine months period ended 30 September 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2014.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

As required by the Securities and Commodities Authority ("SCA") notification dated 12 October 2008, accounting policies relating to investments in associates and financial assets have been disclosed below.

The accounting policies and estimates used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial information are consistent with those in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective 1 January 2014.

The following new and revised IFRS have been adopted in this condensed consolidated interim financial information. The application of these new and revised IFRS has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current period but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

New and revised IFRSs

Amendments to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation

Amendments to IAS 36 Impairment of Assets relating to recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets

Amendments to IAS 39
Financial Instruments:
Recognition and Measurement,
Novation of Derivatives and
Continuation of Hedge
Accounting

Amendments to IFRS 10
Consolidated Financial
Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosure
of Interests in Other Entities and
IAS 27 Separate Financial
Statements - Guidance on
Investment Entities

IFRIC 21 Levies

Summary of requirement

The amendments provide guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The amendments restrict the requirements to disclose the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU to period in which an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed. They also expand and clarify the disclosure requirements applicable when an asset or CGU's recoverable amount has been determined on the basis of fair value less costs of disposal.

The amendments allow the continuation of hedge accounting when a derivative is novated to a clearing counterparty and certain conditions are met.

On 31 October 2012, the IASB published a standard on investment entities, which amends IFRS 10, IFRS 12, and IAS 27 and introduces the concept of an investment entity in IFRS. The objective of this project is to develop an exemption from the requirement to consolidate subsidiaries for eligible investment entities (such as mutual funds, unit trusts, and similar entities), instead requiring the use of the fair value to measure those investments.

This Interpretation was developed to address the concerns about how to account for levies that are based on financial data of a period that is different from that in which the activity that give rise to the payment of the levy occurs.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Investment in associates and joint venture

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of IAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with IAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Investments in associates and joint venture (continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with IAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

(c) Financial assets

The Group has the following financial assets: 'cash and bank balances', 'loans and receivables, 'fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)', and 'fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)'. The classification depends on the nature of the financial asset and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Cash and cash equivalents

In the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

- 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- (c) Financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables

Trade and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Trade and other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Allowance for impairment is made against loans and receivables when their recovery is in doubt. Loans and receivables are written off only when all possible courses of action to achieve recovery have proved unsuccessful.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the condensed consolidated statement of income.

Financial assets at FVTOCI

At initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

- 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- (c) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at FVTOCI (continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve. Where the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is reclassified to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with IAS 18 *Revenue*, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends earned are recognised in profit or loss and are included in the 'dividend income' line item in the profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTOCI, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 120 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

- 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
- (c) Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset.

4 Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

5 Property, plant and equipment

During the nine months period ended 30 September 2014, the Group acquired assets with a cost of AED 57,199 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 90,253 thousand).

Out of the total assets acquired for the period, AED 32,125 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 26,432 thousand) represents construction cost of the new cement factory. This is stated net of gross profit amounting to AED 2,212 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 46,826) arising from the sale of materials produced during the period which amounted to AED 50,601 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 69,277). During the period, the Group transferred its new cement factory and new blocks factory from capital work in progress to property, plant and equipment, amounting to AED 1,673,492 thousand and AED 74,511 thousand, respectively.

The new cement factory has been pledged against a loan received from a bank for the construction of the factory.

Also during the period, capital work in progress amounting to AED 1,500 thousand has been transferred to intangible assets relating to the Group's quarrying development costs.

Further depreciation during the period amounts to AED 66,055 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 32,690 thousand).

6 Investment in associates and joint venture

The movement in investment in associates and joint venture is as follows:

	30 September 2014 (unaudited)	31 December 2013
	AED'000	AED'000
Balance at the beginning of the period/year Additions during the period/year Group's share of associates' and joint venture's	212,962 -	210,206 540
profits for the period/year, net Dividends received during the period/year	11,495 (8,000)	8,456 (6,240)
Balance at the end of the period/year	216,457	212,962

Share of losses amounting to AED 2,750 thousand has been applied against the receivables from an associate and joint venture and AED 300 thousand has been applied against investment of a joint venture (note 11).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

7 Investments

	30 September 2014 (unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2013 AED'000
Non-current investments Financial assets measured at fair value through		
other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) Investment revaluation reserve	146,920 (73,867)	146,920 (76,700)
Capital distribution received	(2,185)	(2,185)
Fair value	70,868	68,035
Current investments Financial assets measured at fair value through	#7027***********************************	100
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	357	357

The FVTOCI investment represents an investment of AED 144,735 thousand in a real estate fund within the UAE. The investment is fully under lien to secure a term loan.

During the period, the fair value of FVTOCI investment increased by AED 2,833 thousand (30 September 2013: AED 4,016 thousand).

8 Inventories

	30 September 2014 (unaudited)	31 December 2013
	AED'000	AED'000
Raw materials	105,895	93,162
Work in progress	136,795	74,918
Finished goods	31,890	24,067
Goods in transit	124	253
Spare parts and consumable materials	108,760	67,797
	383,464	260,197
Less: Allowance for obsolescence	(14,060)	(11,892)
	369,404	248,305

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

8 Inventories (continued)

The movement in the allowance for inventory obsolescence is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	AED'000	AED'000
Balance at the beginning of the period/year	11,892	12,035
Impairment loss recognised	2,168	422
Write-off during the period/year	-	(565)
Balance at the end of the period/year	14,060	11,892
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11,092
9 Trade and other receivables		
	30 September	31 December
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	AED'000	AED'000
Trade receivables	331,206	276,073
Less: Allowance for impairment	(17,553)	(16,643)
	313,653	259,430
Advances to suppliers	14,164	17,333
Other receivables	1,814	6,216
	329,631	282,979

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

10 Cash and bank balances

30 September 2014	31 December 2013
(unaudited) AED'000	AED'000
309	309
106,642	116,103
3,678	28,802
110,629	. 145,214
-	(20,000)
(3,678)	(3,678)
106,951	121,536
	2014 (unaudited) AED'000 309 106,642 3,678 ————————————————————————————————————

The short term deposits bear an interest rate of nil (2013: 0.75%) per annum. Margin deposits are held by banks against facilities provided.

11 Transactions and balances with related parties

Related parties comprise the shareholders, directors and key management of the Group and those entities in which they have the ability to control or exercise significant influence in financial and operational decisions. Balances with key related parties are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	AED'000	AED'000
Due from associate and joint venture		
Hobas Gulf LLC	16,633	28,594
Arkan Stonevue LLC	5,731	6,028
Due from affiliates	22,364	34,622
Dot Modern Oman	234	234
Emirates Steel Industries PJSC	436	254
Others	230	42
	22.264	24.000
	23,264	34,898

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

11 Transactions and balances with related parties (continued)

	30 September 2014 (unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2013 AED'000
Due to parent company General Holding Corporation PJSC (Senaat) Non-current Current	146,920 10,507	146,920 10,462
	157,427	157,382
Due to an affiliate Others - current	311	345

The non-current balance due to the parent company consists of an interest bearing loan. The loan is payable as a bullet payment on 31 December 2016 and bears interest at prevailing market rates.

Transactions with related parties during the period comprise:

	3 months ended 30 September		9 months ended 30 September	
	2014 (unaudited) AED'000	2013 (unaudited) AED'000	2014 (unaudited) AED'000	2013 (unaudited) AED'000
Key management compensation Short term benefits Post-employment benefits	1,644 125	1,006 18	4,995 387	4,573 339
Total	1,769	1,024	5,382	4,912

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

12 Borrowings

Bank borrowings are repayable as follows:

	30 September 2014 (unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2013 AED'000
Non -current After one year	1,303,156	1,054,723
Current Within one year	1,404,800	1,295,134

The details of the bank borrowings are stated as follows:

		Outstanding at 30 September 2014		Outstanding	g at 31 Decem	ber 2013	
		Current	Non-	Total	Current	Non-	Total
			current			current	
	Maturity	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
				***************************************		*******************************	
Term loan 1	2016		90,000	90,000	_	90,000	90,000
Term loan 2	2024	100,000	1,200,000	1,300,000	240,000	950,334	1,190,334
Term loan 3	2023	1,644	13,156	14,800	411	14,389	14,800
		101,644	1,303,156	1,404,800	240,411	1,054,723	1,295,134
							4

Term loan 1 of AED 90 million was obtained from an Islamic bank to fund the Group's share in real estate fund. The original maturity of the loan was 2012. The Group renegotiated the terms of the loan in 2011 and agreed on a bullet payment by 2016. The loan is secured by the Group's share in the real estate fund and bears a fixed rate of profit.

Term loan 2 was obtained by the Group to finance the construction of the Group's new cement factory. During the period, the Group restructured the existing loan of AED 1,400 million into a 10 year term loan of AED 1,200 million and a three year revolving facility of AED 200 million. The term loan is payable over 9 years semiannually commencing from March 2016. The restructured loan carries interest at prevailing market rates. The unutilised portion of the revolving facility amounted to AED 100 million as at 30 September 2014 (31 December 2013: AED 200 million).

Term loan 3 of AED 14.8 million was obtained from a commercial bank for financing the cost of the new office of the Company. The loan is repayable in 36 equal quarterly installments from November 2014 at variable interest rate.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

13 Trade and other payables

riade and other payables		
	30 September	31 December
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	AED'000	AED'000
Trade payables	169,505	123,755
Interest payable	3,291	2,677
Accruals and other payables	56,154	77,764
		
	228,950	204,196

14 Other income

Other income includes AED 20,750 thousand (2013: Nil) as an insurance claim receivable due to fire at the Emirates Cement Factory ("ECF") on 19 March 2014. The Group had appointed an external expert to estimate the incurred and potential loss of revenue and is in negotiations with the insurance company for the settlement of the losses. Management estimates that the factory will be able to resume normal operations by December 2014.

15 Contingent liabilities and commitments

8		
	30 September	31 December
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	
	AED'000	AED'000
Bank guarantees and letters of credit	3,678	43,425
Comital commitment		
Capital commitments	336,327	389,507

The above bank guarantees and letters of credit were issued in the normal course of business.

16 Segment reporting

The Group has five reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Board of Directors review internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Cement segment, which includes production and sale of cement;
- Blocks segment, which includes production and distribution of blocks;
- Pipes segment, which includes the production and sale of Poly-Vinyl Chloride ("PVC") Pipes and Glass Reinforced Polyester ("GRP") Pipes; and
- Bags segment, which includes production and sale of paper bags.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured on segment profit as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's CEO and Board of Directors. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

16 Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 September 2014 (unaudited):

Group AED'000	531,766	s	55,016		Group AED'000	3,664,299	1,903,155
Eliminations AED'000	•	(11,298)	1		Eliminations AED'000	(771,115)	(662,171)
Unallocated AED'000	The state of the s	I	9,190		Unallocated AED'000	1,570,246	2,082,133
Bags AED'000	28,524	The second secon	2,134		Bags AED'000	920,09	34,721
PVC pipes AED'000	45,419	Z Monte for management of the second of the	(464)		PVC pipes AED'000	119,101	23,295
GRP pipes AED'000	26,234		(806)	STREET, STREET	GRP pipes AED'000	107,171	23,898
Blocks AED'000	41,317	2,476	(1,904)		Blocks AED'000	220,294	139,523
Cement AED'000	390,272	8,822	46,968	unaudited):	Cement AED'000	2,358,526	261,756
	External revenues	Intersegment revenue	Profit for the period	As at 30 September 2014 (unaudited):		Total assets	Total liabilities

As at 30 September 2014, included within unallocated assets is AED 78,728 thousand being construction work in progress, which primarily relates to dry mortar and phase 2 and phase 3 of the new cement factory. All construction work in progress will be allocated to the respective segments once completed.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

16 Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 September 2013 (unaudited):

Group AED'000	294,994	\$	29,601		Group AED'000	3,505,489	Management of the second secon	1,802,194
Eliminations AED'000	1	(11,111)	Q		Eliminations AED'000	(833,247)		(493,062)
Unallocated AED'000	ī		2,805		Unallocated AED'000	3,565,163		2,078,658
Bags AED'000	34,215	2,438	2,652		Bags AED'000	63,137		34,914
PVC pipes AED'000	52,400	1	2,709		PVC pipes AED'000	114,367		18,097
GRP pipes AED'000	24,987	£	(4,134)		GRP pipes AED'000	113,389		29,398
Blocks AED'000	52,859	1	2,129		Blocks AED'000	165,280		28,296
Cement AED'000	130,533	8,673	23,440	udited):	Cement AED'000	317,400		105,893
	External revenues	Intersegment revenue	Profit/(loss) for the period	As at 31 December 2013 (audited):		Total assets		Total liabilities

As at 31 December 2013, included within unallocated assets is AED 1,826,319 thousand being construction work in progress, which primarily relates to the new cement factory. All construction work in progress will be allocated to the respective segments once completed.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information for the period ended 30 September 2014 (continued)

17 Seasonality of results

No income of a seasonal nature was recorded in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013.

18 Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to Owners of the Company

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the earnings per share computations:

3 months ended 30 September			
2014 (unaudited)	2013 (unaudited)	2014 (unaudited)	2013 (unaudited)
24,920	12,170	55,016	29,601
1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000
0.014	0.07	0.031	0.017
	30 Septe 2014 (unaudited) 24,920	30 September 2014 2013 (unaudited) (unaudited) 24,920 12,170 1,750,000 1,750,000	30 September 30 Sept 2014 (unaudited) (unaudited) 2013 (unaudited) 24,920 12,170 55,016 1,750,000 1,750,000 1,750,000

There were no potentially dilutive securities as at 30 September 2014 or 30 September 2013, and accordingly, diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share.

19 Comparative information

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified, where necessary, to conform with the presentation adopted in these condensed consolidated interim financial information.

20 Date of authorisation for issue

The interim	financial inf	formation was	approved b	y the Company	's Board o	f Directors a	and authorised for
			* *				
issue on							
		•					